

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

THIS MSDS IS OFFERED IN CANADIAN-FRENCH UPON REQUEST.

ON PEUT DEMANDER CETTE MSDS A LA LANGUE FRANCAISE-CANADIENNE.

PRODUCT NAME : DAP OUTDOOR CARPET ADHESIVE
 UPC NUMBER : 7079871290, 7079871302
 PRODUCT USE/CLASS : Carpet Adhesive

MANUFACTURED BY: 24 HOUR EMERGENCY:
 DAP INC. TRANSPORTATION: 1-800-535-5053 (352-323-3500)
 475 FINCHDENE SQUARE MEDICAL : 1-800-327-3874 (513-558-5111)
 UNITE 5
 SCARBOROUGH ONTARIO M1X 1B7

PREPARE DATE : 08/05/1996 GENERAL INFORMATION:
 REVISION NO. : 7 DAP INC. : 1-888-DAP-TIPS (1-888-327-8477)
 REVISION DATE: 08/03/2003

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ITEM	CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % RANGE
01	Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-89-8	15.0-20.0 %
02	Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	68410-16-2	25.0-30.0 %
03	Toluene	108-88-3	5.0-10.0 %

ITEM	EXPOSURE LIMITS					
	ACGIH		OSHA		COMPANY	
	TLV-TWA	TLV-STEL	PEL-TWA	PEL-CEILING	TLV-TWA	SKIN
01	300 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO
02	300 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO
03	50 ppm	N.E.	200 ppm	300 ppm	N.E.	YES

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

Remaining ingredients are not considered hazardous per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

Listed Permissible Exposure Levels (PEL) are from the U.S. Dept. of Labor OSHA Final Rule Limits (CFR 29 1910.1000); limits may vary between states.

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: DANGER! Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor harmful. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage. Harmful if inhaled.

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SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: May cause eye irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May irritate skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Vapor harmful if inhaled. Vapor may irritate nose and upper respiratory tract. Vapor inhalation may affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: This material may be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Aspiration of material into the lungs due to vomiting can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. If ingested, this product may cause vomiting, diarrhea, and depressed respiration.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Reports have associated permanent brain and nervous system damage with prolonged and repeated occupational overexposure to solvents. Symptoms include: loss of memory, loss of intellectual ability, and loss of coordination.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY CONTACT: None known.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: SKIN CONTACT INHALATION

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: Flush with large quantities of water until irritation subsides.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash with soap and water.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

COMMENTS: Call Medical in Section 1 if irritation or complications arise from any of the above routes of entry.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: -6 C minimum
(SETAFLASH CLOSED CUP)

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: N.A.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: N.E.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CO2 DRY CHEMICAL FOAM

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Flammable liquid. Material will readily ignite at room temperature. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel through a source of ignition and flashback. Containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat. Eliminate sources of ignition: heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and flames. Do not put in contact with oxidizing or caustic materials.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended to protect from combustion products. Cool exposed containers with water.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Dike spill area. Immediately eliminate sources of ignition. Use absorbent material or scrape up dried material and place into containers.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING INFORMATION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapors. Use only in a well ventilated area.

STORAGE INFORMATION: Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep away from heat, spark, and flame. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers from excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 49 degrees C.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal. Do not take internally. Construction and repair activities can adversely affect indoor air quality. Consult with the occupants or a representative(i.e. maintenance, building manager, industrial hygienist, or safety officer) to determine ways to minimize any impact.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (local or general exhaust) to maintain exposure below PEL and TLV. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Check all low areas (basements, sumps, etc.) for vapors before entering.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If 8 hour exposure limit or value is exceeded for any component, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Consult your safety equipment supplier and the OSHA regulation, 29 CFR 1910.134 for respirator requirements. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

SKIN PROTECTION: Solvent impervious gloves.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Provide eyewash and solvent impervious apron if body contact may occur.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE	: 93 - 121 C	VAPOR DENSITY	: Is heavier than air
ODOR	: Pungent Solvent		
APPEARANCE	: Beige mastic	EVAPORATION RATE:	Is faster than Butyl
SOLUBILITY IN H2O	: Negligible		Acetate
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	: 1.1869		
VAPOR PRESSURE	: 36 mm Hg @ 20C.		
PHYSICAL STATE	: Mastic		

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat and freezing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong oxidizers and caustics.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal decomposition products, i.e. COx, NOx

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

ITEM	TOXICITY DATA		
	ORAL-LD50	SKIN-LD50	INHALATION-LC50
03	5000 mg/kg (rat)	12124 mg/kg (rabbit)	5320 ppm/8H (mouse)

Toluene: Poison by intraperitoneal route. Moderately toxic by intravenous, subcutaneous and possibly other routes. Mildly toxic by inhalation. An experimental teratogen. Human systemic effects by inhalation. Experimental reproductive effects. A human eye irritant. An experimental skin and severe eye irritant. In the few cases of acute poisoning reported, the effect has been that of a narcotic, the workman passing through a stage of intoxication into one of coma. Recovery following removal from exposure has been the rule. IARC Cancer Review: Human Inadequate Evidence, Animal Inadequate Evidence. IARC: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen (Group 3). NTP Carcinogenesis Studies (Inhalation); No Evidence: Male and Female Rat, Male and Female Mouse.

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Information.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE MANAGEMENT/DISPOSAL: Dispose of according to Federal, State, and Local Standards. Discarded material should be incinerated at a permitted facility. Liquids cannot be disposed of in a landfill. Do not reuse empty container. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

EPA WASTE CODE - If discarded (40 CFR 261): D001-Ignitable

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Adhesive(Consumer Commodity*)

DOT HAZARD CLASS: 3(ORM-D*)

DOT UN/NA NUMBER: UN 1133(NONE*) PACKING GROUP: III(NONE*)

* For containers of 1 gallon or less.

Shipped in accordance with 49 CFR as part of a transborder shipment.

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SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER
None	

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

CANADIAN WHMIS: This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: Class B2, Class D2A, Class D2B

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATINGS - HEALTH: 2 FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0

PREVIOUS MSDS REVISION DATE: 08/03/2003

VOC material: 640-650 g/L (52-54%)

LEGEND: ACGIH - AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS
N.A. - NOT APPLICABLE
N.E. - NOT ESTABLISHED
PEL - PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT
NTP - NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM
SARA - SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986
STEL - SHORT TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT
TLV - THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE(8 HR. TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE OR TWA)
VOC - VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND
NJRTK - NEW JERSEY RIGHT TO KNOW LAW
N.D. - NOT DETERMINED

MSDS# 17038

This data is offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review the recommendations in specific context of the intended use and determine if they are appropriate.

< End OF MSDS >